

Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 1 of 15

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

This Safety Data Sheet is based on European Union regulatory requirements.

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product Name: MOBIL SUPER 3000 FORMULA F 5W-20

**Product Description:** Base Oil and Additives

**Product Code:** 201510107595, 615617-60

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Intended Use: Engine oil

Uses advised against: None unless specified elsewhere in this SDS.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Supplier: EXXONMOBIL PETROLEUM & CHEMICAL MOSCOW REP. OFFICE

31 NOVINSKY BOULEVARD

123242 MOSCOW Russian Fed.

Supplier General Contact: +7 (495) 1391444

SDS Internet Address: www.msds.exxonmobil.com

## 1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Not Classified

# 2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS

Label elements according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Hazard Statements:** 



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 2 of 15

# Supplemental:

EUH210: Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH208: Contains: REACTION PRODUCTS OF BENZENESULFONIC ACID, MONO C20-24 (EVEN)-SEC-ALKYL DERIVS. PARA-, CALCIUM SALTS, MALEIC ANHYDRIDE May produce an allergic reaction.

## 2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

# Physical / Chemical Hazards:

No significant hazards.

#### **Health Hazards:**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

#### **Environmental Hazards:**

No significant hazards. Material does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with REACH Annex XIII.

# **Endocrine Disrupting Properties:**

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties.

# **SECTION 3**

# **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**3.1. SUBSTANCES** Not Applicable. This material is regulated as a mixture.

## 3.2. MIXTURES

This material is defined as a mixture.

# Reportable hazardous substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit (OEL)

| Name   | CAS#       | EC#       | Registration#    | Concentration<br>* | GHS/CLP<br>classification   | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-<br>factors and<br>ATEs   |
|--|------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| 2-PENTANOL, 4-<br>METHYL-,<br>HYDROGEN<br>PHOSPHORODI<br>THIOATE, ZINC<br>SALT | 2215-35-2  | 218-679-9 | 01-2119953275-34 | 0.1 - < 1%         | [Acute Tox. 5<br>H303],<br>[Aquatic Acute 2<br>H401],<br>Aquatic Chronic 2<br>H411,<br>Skin Irrit. 2 H315,<br>Eye Dam. 1 H318 | Skin Irrit. 2 H315<br>10.01% ≤ C ≤<br>100%,<br>Eye Dam. 1 H318<br>10.01% ≤ C ≤ 100%<br>ATE (ORAL) =<br>2230 MG/KG |
| CALCIUM LONG<br>CHAIN ALKYL<br>PHENATE<br>SULPHIDE                             | -          | 701-251-5 | 01-2119524004-56 | 1 - < 5%           | Aquatic Chronic 4<br>H413   | -   |
| LONG CHAIN<br>ALKYL<br>POLYAMIDE<br>AMINES                                     | 68908-69-0 | POLYMER   | NE               | 1 - < 5%           | Aquatic Chronic 4<br>H413   | -   |



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 3 of 15

| MALEIC<br>ANHYDRIDE        | 108-31-6    | 203-571-6 | 01-2119472428-31 | < 0.001%        | [Aquatic Acute 3                       | Skin Sens. 1A<br>H317 .001% ≤ C ≤       |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| ANHYDRIDE                  |             |           |                  |                 | H402],<br>Acute Tox. 4 H302,           | H317 .001% ≤ C ≤<br>  100%              |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | EUH071.                                | ATE (ORAL) =                            |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | Resp. Sens. 1                          | 1090 MG/KG                              |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | H334,                                  |   |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | Skin Sens. 1A                          |   |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | H317,                                  |   |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | Skin Corr. 1B                          |   |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | H314,<br>STOT RE 1 H372                |   |
| PHOSPHORODI                | 84605-29-8  | 283-392-8 | 01-2119493626-26 | 0.1 - < 1%      | [Acute Tox. 5                          | Skin Irrit. 2 H315                      |
| THIOIC ACID,               |             |           |                  |                 | H303],                                 | 6.25% ≤ C ≤ 100%,                       |
| MIXED 0,0 BIS              |             |           |                  |                 | [Aquatic Acute 2                       | Eye Dam. 1 H318                         |
| (1,3-                      |             |           |                  |                 | H401],                                 | 12.51% ≤ C ≤                            |
| DIMETHYLBUTY<br>L AND ISO- |             |           |                  |                 | Aquatic Chronic 2<br>H411,             | 100%,<br>Eye Irrit. 2 H319              |
| PR)ESTERS,                 |             |           |                  |                 | Skin Irrit. 2 H315,                    | 10% ≤ C ≤ 12.51%                        |
| ZINC SALTS                 |             |           |                  |                 | Eye Dam. 1 H318                        | 10/0 = 0 = 12.51/0                      |
| REACTION                   | -           | 947-519-7 | 01-2120765489-36 | 0.1 - < 1%      | Skin Sens. 1B                          | Skin Sens. 1B                           |
| PRODUCTS OF                |             |           |                  |                 | H317                                   | H317 10.01% ≤ C ≤                       |
| BENZENESULF                |             |           |                  |                 |  | 100%                                    |
| ONIC ACID,<br>MONO C20-24  |             |           |                  |                 |  |   |
| (EVEN)-SEC-                |             |           |                  |                 |  |   |
| ALKYL DERIVS.              |             |           |                  |                 |  |   |
| PARA-,                     |             |           |                  |                 |  |   |
| CALCIUM                    |             |           |                  |                 |  |   |
| SALTS                      | 04740 54 7  | 005 457 4 | 04.0440404007.05 | 00 + 700/       | A T 4 11004                            |   |
| Distillates (petroleum),   | 64742-54-7  | 265-157-1 | 01-2119484627-25 | 60 - < 70%      | Asp. Tox. 1 H304                       | -                                       |
| hydrotreated               |             |           |                  |                 |  |   |
| heavy paraffinic           |             |           |                  |                 |  |   |
| TETRAPROPEN                | 121158-58-5 | 310-154-3 | 01-2119513207-49 | 0.01 - < 0.025% | Aquatic Acute 1                        | Aquatic Acute 1                         |
| YL PHENOL                  |             |           |                  |                 | H400 (M factor 10),                    | H400 (M factor 10)                      |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | Aquatic Chronic 1                      | 99.9% ≤ C ≤ 100%,                       |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | H410 (M factor 10),<br>Repr. 1B H360F. | Aquatic Chronic 1<br>H410 (M factor 10) |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | Skin Corr. 1C                          | 99.9% ≤ C ≤ 100%,                       |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 | H314                                   | Repr. 1B                                |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 |  | H360F .3% ≤ C ≤                         |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 |  | 100%,                                   |
|                            |             |           |                  |                 |  | Skin Corr. 1C H314                      |

Note - any classification in brackets is a GHS building block that was not adopted by the EU in the CLP regulation (No 1272/2008) and therefore is not applicable in the EU or in non-EU countries which have implemented the CLP regulation and is shown for informational purposes only.

Note: See SDS Section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

# **INHALATION**

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.



MOBIL SUPER 3000 FORMULA F 5W-20 Product Name:

Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 4 of 15

adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# **SKIN CONTACT**

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

### **INGESTION**

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

## 4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.

# 4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

The need to have special means for providing specific and immediate medical treatment available in the workplace is not expected.

# **SECTION 5**

## **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

## 5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulphur oxides

### **5.3. ADVICE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS**

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

# FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [ASTM D-92]

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: 7.0 LEL: 0.9 [test method

unavailable1

Autoignition Temperature: No data available

# **SECTION 6**

# **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 5 of 15

# 6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

## **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

#### 6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

## 6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

**Land Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

#### 6.4. REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS

See Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7**

# **HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Avoid contact with used product. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 6 of 15

Floatricity) or CENELEC CLC/TD 50404 (Floatroctation Code of practice for the gyaideness of hororda due to

Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

**Static Accumulator:** This material is a static accumulator.

## 7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep away from incompatible materials.

## 7.3. SPECIFIC END USES

Section 1 informs about identified end-uses. No industrial or sector specific guidance available.

# **SECTION 8**

# **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

#### **EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

# Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive):

| Substance Name                        | Form                | Limit/Sta | ndard   |       | Note       | Source     |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------|-------|------------|------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated |                     | TWA       | 5 mg/m3 |       |            | ACGIH      |
| heavy paraffinic                      | Inhalable fraction. |           | _       |       |            |            |
| MALEIC ANHYDRIDE                      |                     | TWA       | 0.09    | 0.025 |            | ExxonMobil |
|                                       |                     |           | mg/m3   | ppm   | Sensitizer |            |
| MALEIC ANHYDRIDE                      |                     | TWA       | 0.01    |       |            | ACGIH      |
|                                       | Inhalable           |           | mg/m3   |       |            |            |
|                                       | fraction            |           |         |       |            |            |
|                                       | and                 |           |         |       |            |            |
|                                       | vapour              |           |         |       |            |            |

**Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product:** When mists/aerosols can occur the following is recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction).

Note: Information about recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from the relevant agency(ies)/institute(s):

# DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)/DERIVED MINIMAL EFFECT LEVEL (DMEL)

### Worker

| Substance Name                        | Dermal | Inhalation              |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated | NA     | 5.4 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic |
| heavy paraffinic                      |        | Exposure, Local Effects |

#### Consumer

| Substance Name                        | Dermal | Inhalation              | Oral |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated | NA     | 1.2 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic | NA   |
| heavy paraffinic                      |        | Exposure, Local Effects |      |



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 7 of 15

Note: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

# PREDICTED NO EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC)

| Substance Name  | Aqua<br>(fresh<br>water) | Aqua<br>(marine<br>water) | Aqua<br>(intermittent<br>release) | Sewage<br>treatment<br>plant | Sediment | Soil | Oral<br>(secondary<br>poisoning) |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|------|----------------------------------|
| Distillates<br>(petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy<br>paraffinic | NA                       | NA                        | NA                                | NA                           | NA       | NA   | 9.33 mg / kg<br>(food)           |

#### 8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

## PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 8 of 15

**Eye Protection:** If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

## **SECTION 9**

## PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

## 9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid

Colour: Amber Characteristic

Odour Threshold: No data available

Melting Point / Freezing Point: Not technically feasible / No data available

Initial Boiling Point / and Boiling Range: > 316°C (600°F) [test method unavailable]

Flammability (Solid, Gas): Not technically feasible

Lower and Upper explosion limit: UEL: 7.0 LEL: 0.9 [test method unavailable]

Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [ASTM D-92]

**Autoignition Temperature:** No data available **Decomposition Temperature:** No data available

**pH:** Not technically feasible

Kinematic Viscosity: 42.4 cSt (42.4 mm2/sec) at 40°C | 8.1 cSt (8.1 mm2/sec) at 100°C [ASTM D

445]

Solubility: Negligible

Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5 [test method unavailable]

**Vapour Pressure:** < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C [test method unavailable]

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.851 [ASTM D1298]

Relative Vapour Density (Air = 1): > 2 at 101 kPa [test method unavailable]

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): No data available

Explosive Properties: None Oxidizing Properties: None Particle Characteristics

Median particle size: Not Applicable

## 9.2. OTHER INFORMATION



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 9 of 15

Pour Point: -33°C (-27°F) [ASTM D97] DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

# 9.2.1. INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO PHYSICAL HAZARD CLASSES

No data available

## 9.2.2. OTHER SAFETY CHARACTERISTICS

No data available

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

**10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidisers

**10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. INFORMATION ON HAZARD CLASSES AS DEFINED IN REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008

| Hazard Class                                 | Conclusion / Remarks   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Inhalation                                   |  |  |  |
| Acute Toxicity: No end point data for        | Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.          |  |  |
| material.                                    |  |  |  |
| Irritation: No end point data for material.  | Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.       |  |  |
| Ingestion                                    |  |  |  |
| Acute Toxicity: No end point data for        | Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.          |  |  |
| material.                                    |  |  |  |
| Skin   |  |  |  |
| Acute Toxicity: No end point data for        | Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.          |  |  |
| material.                                    |  |  |  |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data | Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on  |  |  |
| for material.                                | assessment of the components.                                    |  |  |
| Eye  |  |  |  |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point  | May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on       |  |  |
| data for material.                           | assessment of the components.                                    |  |  |
| Sensitisation                                |  |  |  |
| Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data | Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.                     |  |  |
| for material.                                |  |  |  |
| Skin Sensitization: No end point data for    | Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of the |  |  |
| material.                                    | components.  |  |  |
| Aspiration: Data available.                  | Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-       |  |  |
|  | chemical properties of the material.                             |  |  |



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 10 of 15

| Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data                     | Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of   |
|---|--|
| for material.   | the components.  |
| Carcinogenicity: No end point data for material.              | Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the components.   |
| <b>Reproductive Toxicity:</b> No end point data for material. | Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment of the components.                             |
| Lactation: No end point data for material.                    | Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.   |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)                         |  |
| Single Exposure: No end point data for material.              | Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.   |
| Repeated Exposure: No end point data for material.            | Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on assessment of the components. |

#### TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES

| NAME                            | ACUTE TOXICITY                         |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 2-PENTANOL, 4-METHYL-, HYDROGEN | Oral Lethality: LD 50 2230 mg/kg (Rat) |
| PHOSPHORODITHIOATE, ZINC SALT   |  |
| MALEIC ANHYDRIDE                | Oral Lethality: LD 50 1090 mg/kg (Rat) |
|                                 |  |

## 11.2. INFORMATION ON OTHER HAZARDS

## 11.2.1 ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect human health.

# 11.2.2 OTHER INFORMATION For the product itself:

Component concentrations in this formulation would not be expected to cause skin sensitization, based on tests of the components, this formulation, or similar formulations.

Diesel engine oils: Not carcinogenic in animals tests. Used and unused diesel engine oils did not produce any carcinogenic effects in chronic mouse skin painting studies. Oils that are used in gasoline engines may become hazardous and display the following properties: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in vitro. Possible allergen and photoallergen. Contains polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) from combustion products of gasoline and/or thermal degradation products.

#### Contains:

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitising in test animals. Tetrapropenyl phenol (TPP). TPP was tested in a rat oral gavage one-generation reproductive toxicity study and a rat dietary two-generation reproductive toxicity study. Results from the one-generation study included reduced ovary weights and changes in male reproductive accessory organs. Results from the two-generation study included prolonged estrous cyclicity, reduced ovary weights, accelerated sexual maturation, decreased mean live litter size, decreased fertility rates, hypospermia, and reduced weights of male reproductive accessory organs. A classification threshold for reproductive effects of 1.5 wt% TPP was derived by the supplier based on the NOAEL (15 mg/kg/day) from the rat dietary two-generation study and was confirmed in supporting studies with other substances containing TPP as an impurity.

# SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 11 of 15

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application of bridging principals.

## **12.1. TOXICITY**

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

## 12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

## **Biodegradation:**

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

#### 12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

## 12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

## 12.5. PERSISTENCE, BIOACCUMULATION AND TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCE(S)

Material does not meet the Reach Annex XIII criteria for PBT or vPvB.

## 12.6. ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING PROPERTIES

Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect the environment.

## 12.7. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No adverse effects are expected.

NOTE: One or more additive components of this material contains a branched alkylphenol impurity that is highly toxic to aquatic organisms. The components containing the impurity have been tested by the additive supplier and found to be no more than minimally toxic to aquatic organisms.

# **SECTION 13**

# **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

## 13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

European Waste Code: 13 01 05\*

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).

This material is considered as hazardous waste pursuant to The Hazardous Waste Regulations (HWR), and



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 12 of 15

subject to the provisions of those Regulations.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

#### SECTION 14

## TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (ADR/RID): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Land Transport

INLAND WATERWAYS (ADN): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Inland Waterways Transport

SEA (IMDG): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

SEA (MARPOL 73/78 Convention - Annex II):

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not classified according to Annex II

AIR (IATA): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Air Transport

# **SECTION 15**

# **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories : AllC, DSL, ENCS, ISHL, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

Special Cases:

| Inventory | Status             |
|-----------|--------------------|
| IECSC     | Restrictions Apply |

# 15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

# **Applicable EU Directives and Regulations:**

1907/2006 [... on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ... and amendments thereto]

1272/2008 [on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.. and amendments thereto]



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 13 of 15

REACH Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII):

The following entries of Annex XVII may be considered for this product: None

#### 15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

**REACH Information:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more substances present in the material.

## **SECTION 16**

## OTHER INFORMATION

**REFERENCES:** Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: results from in house or supplier toxicology studies, CONCAWE Product Dossiers, publications from other trade associations, such as the EU Hydrocarbon Solvents REACH Consortium, U.S. HPV Program Robust Summaries, the EU IUCLID Data Base, U.S. NTP publications, and other sources, as appropriate.

# List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:

Acronym Full text
N/A Not applicable
N/D Not determined
NE Not established

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AIHA WEEL American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits

ASTM ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

DSL Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TLV Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)

UVCB Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose
LL Lethal Loading
EC Effective Concentration
EL Effective Loading

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration
NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate

# KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

Acute Tox. 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 4

[Acute Tox. 5 H303]: May be harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 5

Asp. Tox. 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways; Aspiration, Cat 1

Skin Corr. 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1B



Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 14 of 15

Skin Corr. 1C H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1C

Skin Irrit. 2 H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

Skin Sens. 1 H317: May cause allergic skin reaction; Skin Sensitization, Cat 1 Eye Dam. 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 1

Resp. Sens. 1 H334: May cause allergic or asthmatic symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled; Respiratory Sens,

Cat 1

Repr. 1B H360F: May damage fertility; Repro Tox, Cat 1B (Fertility)

STOT RE 1 H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure; Target Organ, Repeated, Cat 1

Aquatic Acute 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1 [Aquatic Acute 2 H401]: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2

[Aquatic Acute 3 H402]: Harmful to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 3

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

Aquatic Chronic 4 H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 4

EUH071: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

## THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Composition: Component Table for REACH information was modified.

Composition: Concentration Footnote information was added.

dnel table notes information was modified.

GHS CLP Supplemental Statements information was added.

GHS Target Organ Phrase information was deleted.

Section 02: GHS Sensitizer Statement information was added.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table information was modified.

Section 09 median particle size information was added.

Section 09: Flammable Limits - LEL information was modified.

Section 09: Flammable Limits - UEL information was modified.

Section 09: Freezing Point °C(°F) information was deleted.

Section 09: Melting Point C(F) information was deleted.

Section 11 EU Annex II Endocrine Disruptor Data information was added.

Section 11 Substance Toxicology table information was modified.

Section 11: Chronic Tox - Component information was modified.

Section 11: Other Health Effects information was added.

Section 12 EU Annex II Endocrine Disruptor Data information was added.

Section 12: Section 12 Footnote for GHS information was added.

Section 13: European Waste Code Hazardous Note information was modified.

Section 15: EU Directives and Regulations information was modified.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing information was modified.

Section 15: REACH Annex XVII data information was added.

Section 16: HCode Key information was modified.

Section 2 EU Annex II Endocrine Disruptor Data information was added.

Section 9 melting and freezing points information was added.

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Revision Date: 28 Dec 2022

Page 15 of 15

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