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SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

Product Name: MOBIL DYNAGEAR 800 EXTRA
Product Description: Base Oil and Additives
Product Code: 12643, 2015A020R530

Intended Use: Grease

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier: Canada Imperial Oil Limited, An Affiliate of Exxon Mobil Corporation

P.O. Box 2480, Station M

Calgary, ALBERTA T2P 3M9 Canada

 24 Hour Health Emergency
 1-866-232-9563

 Transportation Emergency Phone
 1-866-232-9563

 Supplier General Contact
 1-800-567-3776

SECTION 2

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

CLASSIFICATION:

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

LABEL: Pictogram:



Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements:

H317: May cause allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements:

P261: Avoid breathing fumes. P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P280: Wear protective gloves.P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333 + P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

Contains: 5,5'-DITHIOBIS-1.3,4--THIADIAZOLE-2(3H)-THIONE



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Other hazard information:

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): None as defined under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Hydrogen sulfide (H2S) may be given off when this material is heated. Do not depend on sense of smell for warning.

HEALTH HAZARDS

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

NFPA Hazard ID: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 HMIS Hazard ID: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is defined as a mixture.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#		GHS Hazard Codes
		Concentration*	
5,5'-DITHIOBIS-1.3,4THIADIAZOLE-2(3H)-THIONE	72676-55-2	1 - < 5%	H317, H401, H411
AMINES, C12-14-TERT-ALKYL	68955-53-3	0.1 - < 0.25%	H302, H311, H317, H330(2), H314(1B), H400(M factor 1), H410(M factor 1)
ASPHALT (PETROLEUM)	8052-42-4	1 - < 5%	None
BUTENE, HOMOPOLYMER	9003-29-6	10 - < 20%	H304
C16-18-(EVEN NUMBERED, SATURATED AND UNSATURATED)-ALKYLAMINES	1213789-63-9	0.025 - < 0.1%	H302, H304, H335, H314(1B), H373, H400(M factor 10), H410(M factor 10)
CATALYTIC DEWAXED LIGHT PARAFFINIC OIL (PETROLEUM)	64742-71-8	10 - < 20%	H304
DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC ACID, BARIUM SALT	25619-56-1	0.1 - < 1%	H302, H315
GRAPHITE	7782-42-5	1 - < 5%	None
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	64742-53-6	30 - < 40%	H304
MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE	1317-33-5	1 - < 5%	None
PHOSPHORIC ACID, 2-ETHYLHEXYL ESTER	12645-31-7	0.1 - < 1%	H314(1B)
ZINC DIALKYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68457-79-4	1 - < 5%	H315, H318, H401, H411



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As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

SECTION 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Aldehydes, Asphalt fumes, Hydrogen sulfide, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulfur oxides

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: 158°C (316°F) [Typical]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

SECTION 6

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.



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NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Scrape up spilled material with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal.

Water Spill: Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

SECTION 7

HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Hydrogen sulfide (H2S) may be given off when this material is heated. Do not depend on sense of smell for warning. Avoid vapors from heated materials to prevent exposure to potentially toxic/irritating fumes. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Static Accumulator: This material is not a static accumulator.

STORAGE

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep away from incompatible materials.

SECTION 8

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

I Substance Name	Form	Limit / Standard	NOTE	Source



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0.5 mg/m3 ASPHALT (PETROLEUM) [benzene Fume. TWA N/A **ACGIH** inhalable solubles1 CATALYTIC DEWAXED LIGHT Mist. TWA 5 mg/m3 N/A OSHA Z1 PARAFFINIC OIL (PETROLEUM) CATALYTIC DEWAXED LIGHT TWA N/A Inhalable 5 mg/m3 **ACGIH** PARAFFINIC OIL (PETROLEUM) fraction. DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC TWA 0.5 mg/m3 N/A OSHA Z1 ACID, BARIUM SALT [as Ba] DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC TWA 0.5 ma/m3 N/A ACGIH ACID, BARIUM SALT [as Ba] TWA GRAPHITE Respirable 5 mg/m3 N/A OSHA Z1 fraction. **GRAPHITE** TWA OSHA Z1 Total dust. 15 mg/m3 N/A **GRAPHITE** Respirable TWA N/A ACGIH 2 mg/m3 fraction. HYDROTREATED LIGHT Mist. TWA 5 mg/m3 N/A OSHA Z1 NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM) HYDROTREATED LIGHT ACGIH Inhalable TWA 5 mg/m3 N/A NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE fraction. (PETROLEUM) MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE [as Mo] Total dust. TWA 15 ma/m3 N/A OSHA Z1 MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE [as Mo] TWA N/A ACGIH Inhalable 10 mg/m3 fraction. MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE [as Mo] Respirable TWA 3 mg/m3 N/A **ACGIH** fraction. Hydrogen sulfide Ceiling 20 ppm N/A OSHA Z2 Hvdrogen sulfide Maximum mag 05 N/A OSHA 72 concentrat ion Hydrogen sulfide 10 ppm N/A STEL 14 mg/m3 ExxonMobil Hydrogen sulfide TWA 7 mg/m3 N/A ExxonMobil 5 ppm Hydrogen sulfide N/A ACGIH STEL 5 ppm TWA N/A ACGIH Hydrogen sulfide 1 ppm

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

No biological limits allocated.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.



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Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation. Positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator in areas where H2S vapors may accumulate is recommended.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Solid
Form: Semi-fluid
Color: Black
Odor: Characteristic
Odor Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15.6 °C): 0.91 [Estimated]

Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A

Flash Point [Method]: 158°C (316°F) [Typical]



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Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: N/D **Boiling Point / Range:** N/D **Decomposition Temperature:** N/D **Vapor Density (Air = 1):** N/D

Vapor Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Viscosity: 680 cSt (680 mm2/sec) at 40 °C - 880 cSt (880 mm2/sec) at 40 °C | 60 cSt (60 mm2/sec)

at 100°C

Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D **Melting Point**: N/D

DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

NOTE: Most physical properties above are for the oil component in the material.

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Hydrogen sulfide

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on



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for material. assessment of the components. Eye Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on data for material. assessment of the components. Sensitization Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. for material. Skin Sensitization: No end point data for May cause allergic skin reaction. Based on assessment of the material. components. Aspiration: Data available. Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physicochemical properties of the material. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of the components. for material. Carcinogenicity: No end point data for Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the components. material. Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data for material. of the components. Lactation: No end point data for material. Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.

TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES

Repeated Exposure: No end point data for

NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY
	Dermal Lethality: LD50 251 mg/kg (Rat); Inhalation Lethality: 4 hour(s) LC50 1.19 mg/l (Vapor) (Rat); Oral Lethality: LD50 612 mg/kg (Rat)
DINONYL NAPHTHALENESULFONIC ACID, BARIUM SALT	Oral Lethality: LD50 1750 mg/kg (Rat)

OTHER INFORMATION

For the product itself:

An ingredient or ingredients that are classified as a skin sensitizer.

Contains:

material.

material.

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated

exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

-- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = NTP CARC 3 = IARC 1 5 = IARC 2B 2 = NTP SUS 4 = IARC 2A 6 = OSHA CARC



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The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

MOBILITY

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Suitable routes of disposal are supervised incineration, preferentially with energy recovery, or appropriate recycling methods in accordance with applicable regulations and material characteristics at the time of disposal.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: Disposal of unused product may be subject to RCRA regulations (40 CFR 261). Disposal of the used product may also be regulated due to ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity or toxicity as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). Potential RCRA characteristics: TCLP (BARIUM)

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (DOT): Not Regulated for Land Transport

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport



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SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

Marine Pollutant: No

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: This material is considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: AIIC, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, TCSI, TSCA

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE GHS HAZARD CLASSES: Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Typical Value
ZINC DIALKYL	68457-79-4	1 - < 5%
DITHIOPHOSPHATE		

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
ASPHALT (PETROLEUM)	8052-42-4	1, 13, 16, 17, 18
CATALYTIC DEWAXED LIGHT	64742-71-8	1, 4
PARAFFINIC OIL (PETROLEUM)		
GRAPHITE	7782-42-5	1, 4, 13, 16, 17, 18
HYDROTREATED LIGHT	64742-53-6	1, 4, 13, 17, 18
NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE		
(PETROLEUM)		
MOLYBDENUM (IV) SULFIDE	1317-33-5	1, 4, 13, 16
SEVERELY HYDROTREATED	64742-54-7	19
HEAVY PARAFFINIC		
DISTILLATE		
ZINC DIALKYL	68457-79-4	13, 15, 17, 18, 19
DITHIOPHOSPHATE		

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = ACGIH ALL 6 = TSCA 5a2 11 = CA P65 REPRO 16 = MN RTK 2 = ACGIH A1 7 = TSCA 5e 12 = CA RTK 17 = NJ RTK



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3 = ACGIH A2 8 = TSCA 613 = IL RTK 18 = PA RTK 4 = OSHAZ9 = TSCA 12b 14 = LA RTK 19 = RI RTK

5 = TSCA 4 10 = CA P65 CARC 15 = MI 293

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16

OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

H302: Harmful if swallowed: Acute Tox Oral. Cat 4

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways; Aspiration, Cat 1

H311: Toxic in contact with skin; Acute Tox Dermal, Cat 3

H314(1B): Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1B

H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

H317: May cause allergic skin reaction; Skin Sensitization, Cat 1

H318: Causes serious eye damage; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 1

H330(2): Fatal if inhaled; Acute Tox Inh, Cat 2

H335: May cause respiratory irritation; Target Organ Single, Resp Irr

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Target Organ, Repeated, Cat 2

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

H401: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Composition: Component Table information was modified.

GHS Health Symbol information was modified.

Hazard Identification: Physical/Chemical Hazard information was added.

Hazard Identification: Physical/Chemical Hazard information was deleted. Section 05: Hazardous Combustion Products information was modified.

Section 07: Handling and Storage - Handling information was modified.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table information was modified.

Section 09: Autoignition Temperature information was modified.

Section 09: Boiling Point C(F) information was modified.

Section 09: Evaporation Rate information was modified.

Section 09: Flash Point C(F) information was modified.

Section 09: Relative Density information was modified.

Section 09: Viscosity information was modified.

Section 11 Substance Toxicology table information was added.

Section 15: List Citations Table information was modified.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing information was modified.

Section 15: SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY - Table information was modified.

Section 15: Special Cases Table information was deleted.

Section 16: HCode Key information was modified.

Section 16: MSN, MAT ID information was modified.

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of ExxonMobil's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. You can contact ExxonMobil to insure that this document is the most current



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