

Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 1 of 11

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL AND OF THE SUPPLIER

As of the revision date above, this SDS meets the regulations in Malaysia.

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product Name: MOBIL SHC GEAR 320

Product Description: Synthetic Base Stocks and Additives **Product Code:** 2015604090B0, 615054-86

RECOMMENDED USE OF THE CHEMICAL AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE

Recommended Use: Gear oil

Restrictions on Use: None unless specified elsewhere in this SDS.

SUPPLIER DETAILS

Supplier: ExxonMobil Asia Pacific Pte.Ltd. (Company No.: 196800312N)

1 Harbour Front Place

#06-00 Harbour Front Tower One 098633 Singapore

24 Hour Emergency Telephone 1-800-815-308 / +1-703-527-3887

Supplier General Contact (+65) 6885 8000

Supplier: HT LUBRICANT SENDIRIAN BERHAD (646137-M)

90, Jin Tampoi

Johor Bahru 81200 Malaysia

Supplier General Contact +607-335 3663 +607-335 8603

Supplier: MOBILUB TRADING SENDIRIAN BERHAD (514125-H)

No.1, Jalan Meranti Puchong, D'25@Meranti Puchong

Selangor Darul Ehsan 47120 Malaysia

Supplier General Contact +603-8066 5081 **FAX** +603-8066 5087

Supplier: OPTIMUM FLUIDS MARKETING SENDIRIAN BERHAD (668909-D)

PLOT 110, LGR.PERINDUSTRIAN, BUKIT MINYAK 11

KAW.PENINDUSTRIAN, Bukit Mertajam Penang 14100 Malaysia

Supplier General Contact +604-510 2166



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 2 of 11

Supplier: TIMUR LUBE SDN. BHD. (806793-H)

Wisma Hubline, 1st Floor, Lease No. 3815, Lot 10914, Section 64

KTLD, Jalan Datuk Abang Abdul Rahim

93450 Kuching

Sarawak Malaysia

Supplier General Contact +6 082 338567

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see SDS Section 15).

Other hazard information:

PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

HEALTH HAZARDS

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the recommended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

| SECTION 3 | COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION OF THE INGREDIENTS OF THE HAZARDOUS |
|-----------|---|
| | CHEMICAL |

This material is defined as a mixture.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

| Name | CAS# | Concentration* | GHS Hazard Codes |
|--|------------|----------------|------------------------|
| 1H-BENZOTRIAZOLE-1-METHANAMINE, N,N-BIS(2- | 94270-86-7 | < 0.1% | [H303], H317, H315, |
| ETHYLHEXYL)-METHYL- | | | H400(M factor 1), H411 |
| DITRIDECYL ADIPATE | 16958-92-2 | 10 - < 20% | None |

Note - any hazard code in brackets [Hxxx] is a GHS building block that was not adopted by Malaysia in the CLASS Regulation and therefore is not applicable in Malaysia and is shown for informational purposes only.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 3 of 11

adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

None

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulphur oxides

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >210°C (410°F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 6 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 4 of 11

Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 5 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

CONTROL PARAMETERS

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 5 of 11

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

| Substance Name | Form | rm Limit/Standard | | Note | Source | |
|--------------------|------|-------------------|---------|------|--------|------------|
| DITRIDECYL ADIPATE | | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | | | ExxonMobil |

Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product: When mists/aerosols can occur the following is recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction).

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Biological limits

No biological limits allocated.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation. Particulate

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. Nitrile, Viton

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 6 of 11

industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Liquid
Colour: Colorless to Yellow
Odour: Characteristic
Odour Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.86 [ASTM D4052]

Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A

Flash Point [Method]: >210°C (410°F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

Boiling Point / Range: > 316°C (600°F)

Decomposition Temperature: N/D

Vapour Density (Air = 1): > 2 at 101 kPa

Vapour Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Viscosity: 320 cSt (320 mm2/sec) at 40°C [ASTM D 445] **Oxidizing Properties:** See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D Melting Point: N/A

Pour Point: -33°C (-27°F) [ASTM D5950]

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidisers



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 7 of 11

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

| Hazard Class | Conclusion / Remarks |
|--|--|
| Inhalation | |
| Acute Toxicity: No end point data for | Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. |
| material. | |
| Irritation: No end point data for material. | Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. |
| Ingestion | |
| Acute Toxicity: No end point data for | Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. |
| material. | |
| Skin | |
| Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material. | Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data | Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on |
| for material. | assessment of the components. |
| Eye | |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point | May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on |
| data for material. | assessment of the components. |
| Sensitisation | |
| Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data for material. | Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. |
| Skin Sensitization: No end point data for | Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of the |
| material. | components. |
| Aspiration: Data available. | Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico- chemical properties of the material. |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data | Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of |
| for material. | the components. |
| Carcinogenicity: No end point data for | Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the |
| material. | components. |
| Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data | Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment |
| for material. | of the components. |
| Lactation: No end point data for material. | Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) | |
| Single Exposure: No end point data for | Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. |
| material. | |
| Repeated Exposure: No end point data for | Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated |
| material. | exposure. Based on assessment of the components. |

TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES

| NAME | ACUTE TOXICITY |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 1H-BENZOTRIAZOLE-1-METHANAMINE, | Oral Lethality: LD 50 3313 mg/kg (Rat) |
| N,N-BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)-METHYL- | |

OTHER INFORMATION

For the product itself:



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 8 of 11

Repeated and/or prolonged exposure may cause irritation to the skin, eyes, or respiratory tract. Component

concentrations in this formulation would not be expected to cause skin sensitization, based on tests of the components, this formulation, or similar formulations.

Contains:

Synthetic base oils: Not expected to cause significant health effects under conditions of normal use, based on laboratory studies with the same or similar materials. Not mutagenic or genotoxic. Not sensitising in test animals and humans.

IARC Classification:

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 1 2 = IARC 2A 3 = IARC 2B

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY IN SOIL

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY No data available.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL No data available

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No adverse effects are expected.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL METHODS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 9 of 11

Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005 waste code: SW 305

Note: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s); This material is considered as hazardous waste pursuant to Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005.

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND: Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

Marine Pollutant: No

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is not hazardous as defined by the Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labeling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013.

REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: AllC, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, ISHL, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

National Laws and Regulations:

Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regulations 2000

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:

AcronymFull textN/ANot applicableN/DNot determinedNENot established

VOC Volatile Organic Compound



Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022

Page 10 of 11

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AIHA WEEL American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits

ASTM ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

DSL Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TLV Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)

UVCB Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose
LL Lethal Loading
EC Effective Concentration
EL Effective Loading

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration
NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate

KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

H303: May be harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 5

H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

H317: May cause allergic skin reaction; Skin Sensitisation, Cat 1

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

HT LUBRICANT SENDIRIAN BERHAD (646137-M): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was modified. MOBILUB TRADING SENDIRIAN BERHAD (514125-H): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was modified.

OPTIMUM FLUIDS MARKETING SENDIRIAN BERHAD (668909-D): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was modified.

TIMUR LUBE SDN. BHD. (806793-H): Section 01: Supplier Mailing Address information was modified.

Composition: Component Table information was modified.

Section 11 Substance Toxicology table information was added.

Section 11: Other Health Effects information was modified.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing information was modified.

Section 15: Special Cases Table information was deleted.

Section 16: HCode Key information was modified.

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of ExxonMobil's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. You can contact ExxonMobil to insure that this document is the most current available from ExxonMobil. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that the product is suitable for the intended use. If buyer repackages this product, it is the user's responsibility to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included with and/or on the container. Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited. Except to the extent required by law, republication or retransmission of this document, in whole or in part, is not permitted. The term, "ExxonMobil" is used for convenience, and may include any one or more of ExxonMobil Chemical Company, Exxon Mobil Corporation, or any



MOBIL SHC GEAR 320 Product Name:

Revision Date: 18 Nov 2022 Page 11 of 11

| affiliates in which they d | lirectly of indirectly hold any interest. |
|----------------------------|---|
| anniated in windir they a | moonly of manoonly more any microon. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| DGN: 7113194XMY | (1018078) |
| DOI1. 71101047(WIT | (1010070) |
| | |
| | |
| | |