

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **SECTION 1**

**PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

#### PRODUCT

**Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA** Product Description: **Base Oil and Additives** Product Code: 201550401020 Intended Use: Aviation hydraulic oil

# **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Supplier:

SOL EC LTD. - St Lucia PO Box 140 **Buckeye Compund** Cul De Sac Castries St. Lucia 24 Hour Health Emergency Supplier General Contact

+1 703-741-5970 (CHEMTREC) 1-758-452 2458

# **SECTION 2**

# HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

# **CLASSIFICATION:**

Flammable liquid: Category 4. Skin irritation: Category 2. Aspiration toxicant: Category 1.

LABEL: Pictogram:



Signal Word: Danger

# Hazard Statements:

H227: Combustible liquid. H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315: Causes skin irritation.

# **Precautionary Statements:**

P210: Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. -- No smoking. P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P280: Wear protective gloves and eye / face protection.P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 2 of 13

plenty of soap and water. P331: Do NOT induce vomiting. P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish. P391: Collect spillage.P403 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405: Store locked up.P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

# Other hazard information:

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): None as defined under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an ignition. Material can release vapors that readily form flammable mixtures. Vapor accumulation could flash and/or explode if ignited. Combustible.

#### **HEALTH HAZARDS**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. May be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

NFPA Hazard ID:	Health:	2	Flammability:	2	Reactivity:	0
HMIS Hazard ID:	Health:	2	Flammability:	2	Reactivity:	0

**NOTE:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

# **SECTION 3**

#### **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

This material is defined as a mixture.

#### Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#		GHS Hazard Codes
		Concentration*	
2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL	128-37-0	0.25 - < 1%	H400(M factor 1), H410(M factor 1)
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT	64742-47-8	5 - < 10%	H304
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	64742-53-6	60 - < 70%	H227, H304
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	64742-46-7	15 - < 20%	H227, H304, H332, H315, H401, H411
PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE (3:1) [TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >= 25%]	68937-40-6	0.25 - < 1%	H400(M factor 1), H410(M factor 1)

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 3 of 13

exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

# **SECTION 4**

# FIRST AID MEASURES

#### INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek if breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

#### INGESTION

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

# **SECTION 5**

#### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

# EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

#### **FIRE FIGHTING**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Combustible. Pressurized mists may form a flammable mixture. Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Phosphorus oxides, Smoke, Fume, Sulfur oxides

# FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >82°C (180°F) [ASTM D-93]



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 4 of 13

> Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.7 UEL: 7.0 [Estimated] Autoignition Temperature: >225°C (437°F)

# **SECTION 6**

# ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

#### **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

#### SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do it without risk. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Large Spills: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 5 of 13

#### **SECTION 7**

### HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### HANDLING

Avoid contact with skin. Avoid prolonged breathing of mists and heated vapor. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or ground procedures. However, bonding and grounds may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

**Static Accumulator:** This material is a static accumulator.

#### STORAGE

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Storage containers should be grounded and bonded. Fixed storage containers, transfer containers and associated equipment should be grounded and bonded to prevent accumulation of static charge.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

#### Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Substance Name	Form	Limit / Sta	indard	NOTE	Source
2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL	Inhalable fraction and vapor	TWA	2 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT [total hydrocarbon vapor]	Non-Aerosol	TWA	200 mg/m3	Skin	ACGIH
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	OSHA Z1
HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	ACGIH
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)	Mist.	TWA	5 mg/m3	N/A	OSHA Z1

**Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product:** When mists/aerosols can occur the following are recommended: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction), 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - OSHA PEL.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

No biological limits allocated.



# ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

ExyonMobil

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment to stay below exposure limits.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.

**Eye Protection:** If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include: Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

# SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 7 of 13

**GENERAL INFORMATION** Physical State: Liquid Color: Red Odor: Characteristic Odor Threshold: N/D IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.88 Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A Flash Point [Method]: >82°C (180°F) [ASTM D-93] Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.7 UEL: 7.0 [Estimated] Autoignition Temperature: >225°C (437°F) Boiling Point / Range: N/D Decomposition Temperature: N/D Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/D Vapor Pressure: [N/D at 20 °C] Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D pH: N/A Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): N/D Solubility in Water: Negligible 13.8 cSt (13.8 mm2/sec) at 40 °C | 5.1 cSt (5.1 mm2/sec) at 100°C Viscosity: [ASTM D 445] Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

Freezing Point:N/DMelting Point:N/APour Point:-60°C (-76°F) [ASTM D97]DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346:< 3 %wt</th>

**SECTION 10** 

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**REACTIVITY:** See sub-sections below.

**STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Open flames and high energy ignition sources.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

**POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**SECTION 11** 

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 8 of 13

material.	
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data for material.	Irritating to the skin. Based on assessment of the components.
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point data for material.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on assessment of the components.
Sensitization	
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin Sensitization: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of the components.
Aspiration: Data available.	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico- chemical properties of the material.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of the components.
Carcinogenicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the components.
Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment of the components.
Lactation: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)	
Single Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.
Repeated Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

## OTHER INFORMATION For the product itself:

For the product itsen:

Repeated and/or prolonged exposure may cause irritation to the skin, eyes, or respiratory tract. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema. **Contains:** 

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

# The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 9 of 13

1 = NTP CARC	3 = IARC 1	5 = IARC 2B
2 = NTP SUS	4 = IARC 2A	6 = OSHA CARC

# **SECTION 12**

# **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

#### ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### MOBILITY

More volatile component -- Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

Less volatile component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

#### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

#### **Biodegradation:**

Components -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

# **BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL**

Majority of components -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

## **SECTION 13**

## **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### **DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS**

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

# **REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION**

RCRA Information: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed as hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrositivity or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 10 of 13

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

#### **SECTION 14**

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### LAND (DOT)

**Proper Shipping Name:** COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)) Hazard Class & Division: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID ID Number: NA1993 Packing Group: Ш **ERG Number:** 128 Label(s): NONE Transport Document Name: NA1993, COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)), COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, PG III

Footnote: This material is not regulated under 49 CFR in a container of 119 gallon capacity or less when transported solely by land, as long as the material is not a hazardous waste, a marine pollutant, or specifically listed as a hazardous substance.

# LAND (TDG)

 Proper Shipping Name:
 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE (3:1)[TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=25%], 2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL, HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM))

 Hazard Class & Division:
 9

 UN Number:
 3082

 Packing Group:
 III

 Special Provisions:
 16, 99

Footnote: Not subject to the provisions of UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances liquid, n.o.s., if shipped in quantities of 5 liters or less per single or inner packaging, and the mass of each outer means of containment is 30 kg or less, as per TDG Regs. SOR/2008-34 (Section 1.17).

# SEA (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE (3:1)[TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=25%], 2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL, HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)) Hazard Class & Division: 9 EMS Number: F-A. S-F UN Number: 3082 Packing Group: Ш Marine Pollutant: No Label(s): 9 Transport Document Name: UN3082. ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID. N.O.S. (HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM), 2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL, PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE (3:1)[TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=25%]), 9, PG III



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 11 of 13

Footnote: Not subject to the provisions of UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances liquid, n.o.s., if shipped in quantities of 5 liters or less per single or inner combination packaging as per IMDG code 2.10.2.7.

## AIR (IATA)

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PHENOL, Proper Shipping Name: ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE (3:1)[TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=25%], 2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL, HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)) Hazard Class & Division: 9 UN Number: 3082 Packing Group: Ш Label(s) / Mark(s): 9, EHS **Transport Document Name:** UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROTREATED MIDDLE DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM), 2,6-DI-TERT-BUTYL-P-CRESOL, PHENOL, ISOBUTYLENATED, PHOSPHATE (3:1)[TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE >=25%]), 9, PG III

[Footnote: Not subject to the provisions of UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances liquid, n.o.s., if shipped in quantities of 5 liters or less per single or inner combination packaging as per Special Provision A197.]

#### **SECTION 15**

#### **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD:** This material is considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories:** AICS, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, ISHL, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302

**SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE GHS HAZARD CLASSES:** Aspiration Hazard, Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids), Skin Corrosion or Irritation

**SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY:** This material contains no chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of the SARA 313 Toxic Release Program.

#### The following ingredients are cited on the lists below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM),	64742-47-8	1, 17, 18
HYDROTREATED LIGHT		
HYDROTREATED LIGHT	64742-53-6	1, 4, 13, 17, 18
NAPHTHENIC DISTILLATE		
(PETROLEUM)		
HYDROTREATED MIDDLE	64742-46-7	4, 17, 18



Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 12 of 13

# DISTILLATE (PETROLEUM)

# --REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = ACGIH ALL	6 = TSCA 5a2	11 = CA P65 REPRO	16 = MN RTK
2 = ACGIH A1	7 = TSCA 5e	12 = CA RTK	17 = NJ RTK
3 = ACGIH A2	8 = TSCA 6	13 = IL RTK	18 = PA RTK
4 = OSHA Z	9 = TSCA 12b	14 = LA RTK	19 = RI RTK
5 = TSCA 4	10 = CA P65 CARC	15 = MI 293	

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16	OTHER INFORMATION	

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

# **KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):**

H227: Combustible liquid; Flammable Liquid, Cat 4

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways; Aspiration, Cat 1

H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

H332: Harmful if inhaled; Acute Tox Inh, Cat 4

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

H401: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

# THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Composition: Component Table information was modified.

GHS Health Classification information was modified.

GHS Health Hazards information was modified.

GHS Health Symbol information was modified.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Prevention information was modified.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Response information was modified.

Hazard Identification: Health Hazards information was modified.

Hazard Identification: HMIS Health information was modified.

Hazard Identification: NFPA Health information was modified.

Hazard Identification: Physical/Chemical Hazard information was added.

Hazard Identification: Physical/Chemical Hazard information was deleted.

Section 05: Fire Fighting Measures - Unusual Fire Hazards information was modified.

Section 06: Accidental Release - Spill Management - Land information was modified.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table information was modified.

Section 08: Hand Protection information was modified.

Section 08: Skin and Body Protection information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Irritation Conclusion information was modified.

Section 12: Ecological Information - Acute Aquatic Toxicity information was added.

Section 12: Ecological Information - Acute Aquatic Toxicity information was deleted.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations - Disposal Recommendations information was modified.

Section 14: Air (IATA) - Default information was deleted.

Section 14: DOT Technical Name - All information was modified.

# E**∕**xonMobil

Product Name: MOBIL AERO HFA Revision Date: 05 Dec 2019 Page 13 of 13

Section 14: EMS Number information was added. Section 14: Hazard Class & Division information was added. Section 14: Hazard Class information was added. Section 14: IATA Footnote information was added. Section 14: IATA Technical Name - All information was added. Section 14: IATA Technical Name - Open parenthesis information was added. Section 14: IATATechnical Name - Close parenthesis information was added. Section 14: IMDG Footnote information was added. Section 14: IMO Technical Name - All information was added. Section 14: IMO Technical Name - Close parenthesis information was added. Section 14: IMO Technical Name - Open parenthesis information was added. Section 14: Label(s) information was added. Section 14: LAND (TDG) Default information was deleted. Section 14: Packing Group information was added. Section 14: Proper Shipping Name information was added. Section 14: Sea (IMDG) - Default information was deleted. Section 14: Special Provisions information was added. Section 14: TDG Footnote information was added. Section 14: TDG Technical Name - All information was added. Section 14: TDG Technical Name - Close parenthesis information was added. Section 14: TDG Technical Name - Open parenthesis information was added. Section 14: Transport Document Name information was added. Section 14: Transport Document Name information was modified. Section 14: UN Number information was added. Section 15: List Citations Table information was modified. Section 15: SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE GHS HAZARD CLASSES information was modified. Section 16: Code to MHCs information was modified. Section 16: HCode Key information was modified. The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of ExxonMobil's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. You can contact ExxonMobil to insure that this document is the most current

and reliable as of the date issued. You can contact ExxonMobil to insure that this document is the most current available from ExxonMobil. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that the product is suitable for the intended use. If buyer repackages this product, it is the user's responsibility to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included with and/or on the container. Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited. Except to the extent required by law, republication or retransmission of this document, in whole or in part, is not permitted. The term, "ExxonMobil" is used for convenience, and may include any one or more of ExxonMobil Chemical Company, Exxon Mobil Corporation, or any affiliates in which they directly or indirectly hold any interest.

Internal Use Only

MHC: 2A, 0, 0, 0, 4, 1

PPEC: C

DGN: 2005454XLC (552975)

Copyright 2002 Exxon Mobil Corporation, All rights reserved