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# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **SECTION 1**

### PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

As of the revision date above, this (M)SDS meets the regulations in New Zealand.

**PRODUCT** 

Product Name: MOBILGREASE XTC

Product Description: Base Oil and Additives Product Code: 2015A0202090

Intended Use: Grease

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

Supplier: Allied Petroleum Limited

57D McLaughlins Road, Wiri, Auckland 2104 New Zealand

National Poison Control Centre 0800 764 766 General Contact Number 0800 115 205

# **SECTION 2**

# HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOOD.

This material is hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

# **CLASSIFICATION:**

6.3B

9.1D 9.1C

Skin irritation: Category 3.

Acute aquatic toxicant: Category 2. Chronic aquatic toxicant: Category 3.

LABEL:

Symbol: No Symbol

Signal Word: Warning

# **Hazard Statements:**

Health: H316: Causes mild skin irritation.

Environmental: H401: Toxic to aquatic life. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Precautionary Statements:**

Prevention: P273: Avoid release to the environment.

Response: P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.



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### Other hazard information:

### PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

#### **HEALTH HAZARDS**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Mildly irritating to skin. May be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

No additional hazards.

**NOTE:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

### **SECTION 3**

### **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

This material is defined as a mixture.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	GHS Hazard Codes
1H-IMIDAZOLE-1-ETHANOL, 2-(8-HEPTADECENYL)-4,5- DIHYDRO-	95-38-5	0.1 - < 1%	H302, H314(1C), H373, H400(M factor 10), H410(M factor 1)
ASPHALT (PETROLEUM)	8052-42-4	5 - < 10%	None
BENZENAMINE, N-PHENYL-, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH 2,4,4-TRIMETHYLPENTENE	68411-46-1	1 - < 5%	H316, H402, H412
N-OLEYL-1,3-PROPYLENEDIAMINE	7173-62-8	0.025 - < 0.1%	H302, H314(1B), H372, H400(M factor 10), H410(M factor 1)
OLEFIN SULPHIDE	68937-96-2	0.1 - < 1%	H227, H317, H316, H402, H412
PHOSPHORIC ACID ESTERS, AMINE SALT	CONFIDENTIAL	0.1 - < 1%	H227, H302, H317, H318, H401, H411
POLYETHYLENE	9002-88-4	5 - < 10%	None
ZINC DIALKYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68457-79-4	1 - < 2.5%	H315, H318, H401, H411

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Other ingredients determined not to be hazardous.

# **SECTION 4**

# **FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **INHALATION**

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.

# **SKIN CONTACT**

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early



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surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

### **INGESTION**

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

# SECTION 5

# **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

#### FIRE FIGHTING

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Aldehydes, Asphalt fumes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulphur oxides

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [EST. FOR OIL, ASTM D-92 (COC)]
Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D

**Autoignition Temperature:** N/D

#### SECTION 6

#### **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

# **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic



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material is recommended.

### **SPILL MANAGEMENT**

Land Spill: Scrape up spilled material with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Skim from surface

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### **SECTION 7**

### HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **HANDLING**

Avoid contact with skin. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

**Static Accumulator:** This material is not a static accumulator.

### **STORAGE**

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep away from incompatible materials.

# SECTION 8

# **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

**Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)** 

Substance Name	Form	Limit/St	andard	Note	Source	Year
ASPHALT (PETROLEUM)	Fume.	TWA	5 mg/m3		New Zealand OELs	2020
ASPHALT (PETROLEUM) [benzene solubles]	Fume, inhalable	TWA	0.5 mg/m3		ACGIH	2020
POLYETHYLENE	Inhalable dust.	TWA	10 mg/m3		New Zealand OELs	2020
POLYETHYLENE	Respirab le dust.	TWA	3 mg/m3		New Zealand OELs	2020
POLYETHYLENE	Inhalable particles.	TWA	10 mg/m3		ACGIH	2020
POLYETHYLENE	Respirab le particles.	TWA	3 mg/m3		ACGIH	2020

# **Biological limits**



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No biological limits allocated.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Nitrile, Viton

**Eye Protection:** If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.



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### **SECTION 9**

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Physical State: Solid
Form: Semi-fluid
Colour: Dark Brown
Odour: Characteristic
Odour Threshold: N/D

### IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15.6 °C): 0.909

Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A

Flash Point [Method]: >200°C (392°F) [EST. FOR OIL, ASTM D-92 (COC)] Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

**Boiling Point / Range:** > 316°C (600°F) **Decomposition Temperature:** N/D **Vapour Density (Air = 1):** > 2 at 101 kPa

Vapour Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Viscosity: 680 cSt (680 mm2/sec) at 40°C

Molecular Weight: N/D

Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

### OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D Melting Point: N/D

DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

NOTE: Most physical properties above are for the oil component in the material.

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidisers

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks		
Inhalation			
Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.		
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.		
Ingestion			
Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.		
Skin			
Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.		
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. Based on		
	assessment of the components.		
Eye			
Irritation: No end point data for material.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on		
	assessment of the components.		

#### OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG TERM EXPOSURE

Anticipated health effects from sub-chronic, chronic, respiratory or skin sensitization, mutagenicity, reproductive toxicity, carcinogenicity, target organ toxicity (single exposure or repeated exposure), aspiration toxicity and other effects based on human experience and/or experimental data.

#### For the product itself:

Component concentrations in this formulation would not be expected to cause skin sensitization, based on tests of the components, this formulation, or similar formulations.

#### Contains:

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitising in test animals.

#### IARC Classification:

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 1 2 = IARC 2A 3 = IARC 2B

# SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

### **ECOTOXICITY**

Material -- Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Material -- Expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the



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aquatic environment.

#### **MOBILITY**

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

**Biodegradation:** 

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

#### **BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL**

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

### **SECTION 13**

#### **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### **DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS**

Suitable routes of disposal are supervised incineration, preferentially with energy recovery, or appropriate recycling methods in accordance with applicable regulations and material characteristics at the time of disposal.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# **SECTION 14**

# TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**LAND**: Not Regulated for Land Transport

**SEA (IMDG):** Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

#### **SECTION 15**

#### REGULATORY INFORMATION

Material is Hazardous as defined by the Hazardous Substances (Health and Safety Reform Revocations) Regulations 2017.

**HSNO Approval Number:** HSR002606

Product is not regulated according to New Zealand Land Transport Rule.



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### REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories:

AIIC, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, ISHL, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

#### **SECTION 16**

#### OTHER INFORMATION

# N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

# KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

H227: Combustible liquid; Flammable Liquid, Cat 4

H302: Harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 4

H314(1B): Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1B H314(1C): Causes severe skin burns and eye damage: Skin Corr/Irritation. Cat 1C

H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

H316: Causes mild skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 3

H317: May cause allergic skin reaction; Skin Sensitisation, Cat 1

H318: Causes serious eye damage; Serious Eye Damage/Irr, Cat 1

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure; Target Organ, Repeated, Cat 1

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure; Target Organ, Repeated, Cat 2

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

H401: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2

H402: Harmful to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 3

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 3

### THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

No revision information

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